

Six Easy Steps

to reduce cyanuric acid
(conditioner/stabilizer)
with  **Bio-Active**



1

Keep chlorine levels between 1- 5 ppm, pH between 7.2 - 7.8, and alkalinity between 80 - 120 ppm. Water temperature should be above 65° F (18°C). If pool has significant algae or organic matter, this must be removed before starting treatment.

2

All sanitizing products or mineral systems being dispensed from floaters or in-line or off-line feeders must be emptied out or not in use 72 hours prior to application of Bio-Active®.

3

For the week prior to and during treatment, only use chlorine, muriatic acid, soda ash, or baking soda to maintain your pool balanced. If a shock treatment is needed, apply it at least 72 hours before applying Bio-Active®. Wait at least one week after using algaecides, phosphate treatments, and clarifiers.

Continued on the back.

Save Water

The Natural Way

4

Test for the exact quantity of cyanuric acid using quality testing equipment and closely following test procedures. Perform dilution testing where required. Plaster pools with starting levels over 200 ppm will release a large amount of additional cyanuric acid from the plaster surfaces once treated and may require additional treatments.

5

Application to skimmer method: Turn the pump on and continue running for 4 hours after application. Open the pouch. Open the skimmer lid and remove the basket or disconnected any hoses. Pour the entire quantity of product in the skimmer and make sure the entire product is absorbed into it, replace the basket and reconnect any hoses. Replace the lid to close the skimmer.

6

Full result can be measured about 7-10 days after treatment. If cyanuric acid levels were very high to begin with, additional doses can be applied after 7 days to further reduce levels.

