

## KIT SDS

Product name	ClearView Winter Sleeper, Chlorine Kit Part # WS1500
Revision date	1-12-17
ATTACHED –	
WS1500	
Kit Component SDS's – Qty 3	
<ol> <li>Clearview Mineral Magnet</li> <li>Clearview Poly Power 30</li> </ol>	
3. Clearview Shimmer Shock	

#### DATE OF PREPARATION

1-12-17

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## SAFETY DATA SHEET

**ClearView Mineral Magnet** 

Revision date	4-18-15
Section 1 Identifica	ation
Product ID: Synonyms: Product Category: Product Use:	Mineral Magnet HEDP: 1-Hydroxyethlydene-1, 1-diphosphonic acid Phosphonate Stain Remover, Removes metals from pool water and metal stains and scale from surfaces.
	mington Avenue a, CA 92590
Emergency Phone#	Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300
Section 2 Hazards	identification
Warning Da GHS Hazard Phrases:	H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H311 - May cause damage to organs .
GHS Precaution Phrases:	P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
GHS Response Phrases:	P301+312- IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Page 1 of 9



Product name	ClearView Mineral Magnet
Revision date	4-18-15
Section 2 Hazards ic	lentification (Continued)
GHS Storage and Disposal Phrases:	P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container .in accordance with all federal, state and local Regulations…
OSHA Regulatory Status: Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic):	This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations. Chronic: None.
Inhalation:	Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. May be harmful if inhaled. Mist may be severely irritating to nose, throat and lungs depending on concentration and <b>d</b> uration of exposure.
Skin Contact:	Causes skin irritation. Skin Absorption: May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Corrosive, causes permanent skin damage (scarring).
Eye Contact:	Causes severe eye irritation. Corrosive. Will cause eye burns and permanent tissue damage.
Ingestion:	Corrosive to mouth, esophagus and stomach. Harmful if swallowed. Low order of Toxicity.

## Section 3 Composition / Information on ingredients

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Concentration	RTECS #
2809-21-4	1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid	32 - 34 %	SZ8562100
13598-36-2	Phosphorous acid, Ortho	<2.0 %	SZ6400000

#### Section 4 First - aid measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:	In case of adverse exposure to vapors and/or aerosols, immediately remove the affected victim from exposure and get immediate medical attention. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration.
In Case of Inhalation:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
In Case of Skin Contact:	In case of skin contact, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician.
In Case of Eye Contact:	In case of contact with eyes, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers. Call a physician.
In Case of Ingestion:	If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided person is conscious. Call a physician.
Signs and Symptoms Of Exposure:	The chemical, physical, and toxicological properties of this product have not been thoroughly investigated.
Note to Physician:	Treat symptomatically and supportively. Page <b>2</b> of <b>9</b>



Product name	ClearView Mineral Magnet
Revision date	4-18-15

### Section 5 Fire - fighting measures

Flammability Classification: Flash Pt: Explosive Limits: Autoignition Pt: Suitable Extinguishing Media Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Fire Fighting Instructions:	Unknown. Protective Equipment: N to prevent contact with self-contained breathing	UEL: N.A. Wear self-contained brea skin and eyes. Specific H g apparatus in pressure- tective gear. Material wil	Hazard(s): As in any fire, demand, MSHA/NIOSH	wear a
Flammable Properties and Hazards:	No data available.			
Section 6 Accidenta	al release measures			
Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:	PROCEDURE(S) OF P Wear respirator, chemic Methods for cleaning up Sweep up, place in a ba personal protective equ	FOLLOWED IN CASE OF ERSONAL PRECAUTIC cal safety goggles, rubbe p. ag and hold for waste dis ipment as indicated in S ill with inert material (e.g	DN(S) er boots, and heavy rubb sposal. Avoid raising dus ection 8.	er gloves. st. Use proper
Section 7 Handling	and storage			
Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:	DO NOT PRESSURIZE SUCH CONTAINERS T OTHER SOURCES OF DEATH. Empty drums s returned to a drum reco	ain product residue (liquid E, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, FO HEAT, FLAME, SPAF IGNITION. THEY MAY should be completely dra photitioner, or properly dis ct with eyes, skin, and clo	SOLDER, DRILL, GRIN RKS, STATIC ELECTRIC EXPLODE AND CAUSE ained, properly bunged a sposed of. Avoid breathir	D, OR EXPOSE CITY, OR E INJURY OR ind promptly
Precautions To Be Taken in Storing:	No special storage requ	uirements.		
Section 8 Exposure	controls / personal	protection		
CAS # Partial Chemi	cal Name	<b>OSHA TWA</b> PEL: Not Available	<b>ACGIH TWA</b> TLV: Not Available	Other Limits

Respiratory E	quipment	Use respirators and cor	mponents tested and app	proved under appropriate	government
13598-36-2	Phosphorous a	icid, Ortho	PEL: Not Available	TLV: Not Available	Not Available
2809-21-4	1-Hydroxyethyl acid	idene-1,1-diphosphonic	PEL: Not Available	TLV: Not Available	Not Available

(Specify Type): standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a dust mask type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN 143) respirator. Respirator protection is not normally required.



## **ClearView Mineral Magnet**

**Revision date** 

4-18-15

#### Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection (Continued)

Eye Protection: Protective Gloves: Other Protective Clothing:	Splash proof safety goggles. Hand: Compatible chemical-resistant gloves. Where splashing is possible, full chemically resistant protective clothing (e.g. acid suit) and boots are required.
Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.):	Safety shower and eye bath. Mechanical exhaust required. There are no special ventilation requirements.
Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices:	Wash thoroughly after handling.

## Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Physical States: Appearance and Odor:	[ ] Gas [ X ] Liquid [ ] Solid None to slight odor. Clear colorless to light straw.
Freezing Point:	NA
Boiling Point:	NA
Decomposition Temperature:	NA
Autoignition Pt:	NP
Flash Pt:	NP
Explosive Limits:	LEL: N.A. UEL: N.A.
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):	~ 1.444 at 25.0 C (77.0 F)
Density:	~ 12.0 LB/GA
Bulk density:	NA
Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or	NA
mm Hg):	
Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):	NA
Evaporation Rate:	NA
Solubility in Water:	Complete
Saturated Vapor	NA
Concentration:	
Viscosity:	NA
Octanol/Water Partition	
Coefficient:	Not Available
pH:	< 2
Percent Volatile:	~ 38.00 % by weight.
VOC / Volume:	NP
Particle Size:	NP
Heat Value:	NP
Corrosion Rate:	NA
Molecular Formula & Weight:	C2H8O7P2 206.028

## Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:	Substantial heat is evolved when mixed with alkali.
Stability:	Unstable [] Stable [X]
Conditions To Avoid -	Contact with common metals produces flammable hydrogen gas.



## **ClearView Mineral Magnet**

**Revision date** 

4-18-15

Instability:

## Section 10 Stability and reactivity (Continued)

Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid:	Strong oxidizing agents and strong alkali.
Hazardous Decomposition Or	Thermal decomposition may produce toxic fumes of phosphorus oxides and/or
Byproducts:	phosphine. Carbon dioxide.
Possibility of Hazardous	Will occur [] Will not occur [X]
Reactions:	
Conditions To Avoid -	No data available.
Hazardous Reactions:	

## Section 11 Toxicological information

Toxicological Information:	Epidemiology: No data available. Teratogenicity: No data available. Reproductive Effects: Mutagenicity: Neurotoxicity: Other Studies: CAS# 2809-21-4:
	Reproductive Effects:, TDLo, Intraperitoneal, Mouse, 40.00 MG/KG, female 7 day(s) after conception. Result:
	Effects on Fertility: Pre-implantation mortality (e.g., reduction in number of implants per female; total number of implants per corpora lutea). Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus). - Shika Igaku. Odontology., Vol/p/yr: 50,879, 1987
	Reproductive Effects:, TDLo, Intraperitoneal, Mouse, 200.0 MG/KG, female 7 day(s) after conception. Result:
	Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Craniofacial (including nose and tongue). Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Blood and lymphatic system (including spleen and marrow).
	- Journal of Osaka Dental University., Vol/p/yr: 20,91, 1986 Reproductive Effects:, TDLo, Subcutaneous, Mouse, 200.0 MG/KG, female 13 day(s) after conception. Result:
	Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system. - Teratology, The International Journal of Abnormal Development, Alan R. Liss, Inc., 41 E. 11th St., New York, NY 10003, Vol/p/yr: 26(1),16A, 1982
	Reproductive Effects:, TDLo, Subcutaneous, Mouse, 1400. MG/KG, female 11-17 day(s) after conception. Result: Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus).
	Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system. - Senten Ijo. Congenital Anomalies., For publisher information, see CGANE7, Osaka Japan, Vol/p/yr: 22,47, 1982
	Acute toxicity, LD50, Oral, Mouse, 1800. MG/KG. Result: Behavioral: Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold. Gastrointestinal:Hypermotility, diarrhea.



#### **Revision date** 4-18-15 Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Changes in:Body temperature increase. Section 11 Toxicological information (Continued) - Angewandte Chemie, International Edition in English., VCH Pub., Inc., 303 NW 12th Ave., Deerfield Beach, FL 33441, Vol/p/yr: 14,94, 1975 CAS# 13598-36-2: Acute toxicity, LD50, Oral, Rat, 1895. MG/KG. Result: Behavioral: Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold. Gastrointestinal:Hypermotility, diarrhea. Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Changes in:Body temperature increase. - Gigiena i Sanitariya, Mezhdunarodnaya Kniga, ul. B. Yakimanka, 39, 113095, Moscow 113095 Russia, Vol/p/yr: 56(4),24, 1991 Acute toxicity, LD50, Oral, Mouse, 1700. MG/KG. Result: Behavioral: Tremor. Behavioral: Muscle contraction or spasticity. - Toksikologicheskii Vestnik., Vol/p/yr: (6),38, 1995 CAS# Hazardous Components (Chemical Name) **OSHA** NTP IARC ACGIH 2809-21-4 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. Phosphorous acid, Ortho 13598-36-2 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.

#### Section 12 Ecological information

Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment:	No data available. CAS# 2809-21-4: LC50, Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus), 868.0 MG/L, 96 H. LC50, Rainbow Trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 368.0 MG/L, 96 H. Effective concentration to {0}% of test organisms., Water Flea (Daphnia magna), 527.0 MG/L, 48 H. CAS# 13598-36-2: Fathead Minnow (Pimephales promelas), 100.0 MG/L, 96 H, Mortality, Water temperature: 82.00 C (179.6 F) C, pH: 8.50; Toxicity of Photographic Processing Chemicals to Fish, Terhaar, C.J., W.S. Ewell, S.P. Dziuba, and D.W. Fassett, 1972
	Effective concentration to {0} % of test organisms, Fathead Minnow (Pimephales promelas), 10000. MG/L, 4 H, Mortality, Water temperature: 82.00 C (179.6 F) C, pH: 8.50; Toxicity of Photographic Processing Chemicals to Fish, Terhaar, C.J., W.S. Ewell, S.P. Dziuba, and D.W. Fassett, 1972
Persistence and Degradability:	Degrades after acclimatization.
Bioaccumulative Potential: Mobility in Soil:	This material is not expected to bio-accumulate. Accidental spillage may lead to penetration in the soil and groundwater. However, there is no evidence that this would cause adverse ecological effects.

## **ClearView Mineral Magnet**

Page 6 of 9



### **ClearView Mineral Magnet**

**Revision date** 

4-18-15

#### Section 13 Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Method:	Discarded product, as sold, would be considered a RCRA Characteristic Hazardous Waste as it meets the definition /characteristic of corrosivity (designated as D002). APPROPRIATE METHOD OF DISPOSAL OF SUBSTANCE OR PREPARATION. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification. RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.
Waste Disposal Method:	D002

Waste Disposal Method:

#### Section 14 Transport information

**GHS Classification:** Acute Toxicity: Oral, Category 4 - Warning! Harmful if swallowed Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 1A-1C - Danger! Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 1 - Danger! Causes serious eye damage Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 2 - Warning! May cause damage to organs {<target organs>}

LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT):

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (1-Hydrydroxyelthylidene-1, 1-diphosphonic acid) DOT Hazard Class: 8 - CORROSIVE UN3265 **UN/NA Number:** Packing Group: Ш



LAND TRANSPORT (Canadian TDG): **TDG shipping Name:** No information available.

LAND TRANSPORT (Eur			
ADR/RID Shippii	ng Name:		
UN Number:	3265	Packing Group:	II
Hazard Class:	8 - CORROSIVE		
<b>MARINE TRANSPORT (I</b>	MDG/IMO):		
IMDG/IMO Shipp	ing Name: Corrosive liquid, ac	idic, organic, n.o.s. (1-Hydrox	yethylidene-1, 1-diphosphonic acid)
UN Number:	N	Packing Group:	II
Hazard Class:	8 - CORROSIVE		
		IMDG MFAG Numbe	ər:

IMDG EMS Page: |



### **ClearView Mineral Magnet**

**Revision date** 

4-18-15

#### AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA):

ICAO/IATA Shipping Name:

Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (1-Hydroxyethylidene-1, 1-diphosphonic acid) Solution.

#### Section 15 Regulatory information

CAS # 2809-21-4 13598-36-2 This material 'Hazard Categ	Hazardous Co 1-Hydroxyethy Phosphorous a meets the EPA pories' defined a III Sections dicated:	dments and Reauthorization A mponents (Chemical Name) lidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid acid, Ortho [X] Yes [] No Acute (immediate) [X] Yes [] No Chronic (delayed) [] Yes [X] No Fire Hazard [] Yes [X] No Sudden Release o [] Yes [X] No Reactive Hazard	S. 302 (EHS) No No Health Hazard Health Hazard	<b>S. 304 RQ</b> No No	<b>S. 313 (TRI)</b> No No	
CAS #	Hazardous Co	omponents (Chemical Name)	Other US EPA	or State Lists		
2809-21-4	1-Hydroxyethy	lidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid			DES: No; TSCA: Yes -	
			Inventory; CA I			
13598-36-2	Phosphorous a	acid, Ortho	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No			
CAS # Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)				Regulatory List	s	
2809-21-4 1-Hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid				DSL: No; Mexico INSQ: Yes;		
	j j j	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	SC: Yes; Japan ENCS: Yes -	
					516; Philippines ICCS: Yes;	
				A: Yes; REACH:		
13598-36-2	Phosphorous a	acid, Ortho	Canadian DSL: Yes; Canadian NDSL: No; Mexico INSQ: Yes;			
			Australia ICS: Yes; China IECSC: Yes; Japan ENCS: Yes -			
			(1)-421; Korea ECL: Yes - KE-28491; Philippines ICCS: Yes;			
Regulatory In	formation	Pequilatory information provide	Taiwan TCSCA: Yes; REACH: Yes - (R), (P) ed in this SDS was prepared for this product and is to be			
Statement:	Ionnation					
otatement.			in its present form, If this material is used as a component in ed in any way, the information in this SDS may no longer be			
			This document was generated for the purpose of distributing health, safety			
		and environmental data.	0		<b>.</b>	

#### Section 16 Other information

#### Hazard Rating System:

HMIS -	HEALTH	<u>FLAMMABILITY</u>	<u>PHYSICAL</u>	<u>PPE</u>
	3	0	1	Dn
NFPA -	HEALTH	<u>FLAMMABILITY</u>	INSTABILITY	SPECIAL HAZARD
	3	0	1	ACID

#### DATE OF PREPARATION 4-18-2015

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## **Product name**

## ClearView Mineral Magnet

**Revision date** 

4**-18-15** 



Product name ClearView Poly Power 30				
Revision date 4-29-15				
Section 1 Identification				
Product ID: Synonyms: Chemical Name: CAS Number: Product Use:	Poly Power 30 Polyquaternium 42; Polixetonium chloride; WSCP Poly[oxyethylene(dimethyliminio)ethylene(dimethyliminio)ethylene dichloride] 31512-74-0 Algaecide and Water Clarifier for Swimming pools.			
Supplier: Oreq Corporat 42306 Reming Temecula, CA 951-296-5076	iton Ave.			
Emergency Phone#	CHEMTREC 800-424-9300			
Section 2 Hazards identifie	cation			
GHS Classification:	Acute Toxicity: Oral, Category 4 Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Category 1			
GHS Signal Word:	WARNING			
Hazard Pictograms:				
GHS Hazard Phrases:	H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.			
GHS Precaution Phrases:	P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.			
GHS Response Phrases:	P301+312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P330 - Rinse mouth. P391 - Collect spillage.			
GHS Storage and Disposal Phrases:	P501 - Dispose of contents/container .in accordance with all federal, state and local regulations			
OSHA Regulatory Status:	This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.			
Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic): Inhalation: Skin Contact: Eye Contact: Ingestion:	Chronic: None. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause irritation. Contact may cause eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at			

hand.



**Revision date** 

## **ClearView Poly Power 30**

4-29-15

## Section 3 Composition / Information on ingredients

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	CONCENTRATION	RTECS%
Poly[oxyethylene(dimethylimonio)ethylene(dimethylimonio)ethylene	31512-74-0	30%	TR1650000
dichloride]			

### Section 4 First - aid measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:	Wash with plenty of soap and water.
In Case of Inhalation:	IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. IF NOT BREATHING, call 911 and or ambulance, then give artificial respiration.
In Case of Skin Contact:	Wash with soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. If skin irritation or rash occurs, seek medical advice/attention.
In Case of Eye Contact:	Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of water. After initial flushings, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Have eyes examined and tested by medical personnel.
In Case of Ingestion:	If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give victim a glass of water or milk. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Note to Physician:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### Section 5 Fire - fighting measures

Flammability Classification:	Non-flammable
Flash Pt:	> 212.0 F (100.0 C) Method Used: Cleveland Open Cup
Explosive Limits:	LEL: N.A. UEL: N.A.
Autoignition Pt:	NA
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	No information available.
Fire Fighting Instructions:	As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), & full protective gear. Material will not burn.
Flammable Properties and Hazards:	No data available.



Product name	ClearView Poly Power 30
Revision date	4-29-15
Section 6 Accidenta	I release measures
Protective Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:	Wear appropriate gloves to prevent skin exposure. Wear chemical splash goggles.
Environmental Precautions:	Avoid release to the environment. This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge into effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds or estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharging. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer sytems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance call your State Water Board Authority or Regional Office of the EPA.
Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:	Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. Spills/Leaks: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. This material will sink and is soluable/dispersable, it is probably not recoverable. Notify the Authorities. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Section 7 Handling	and storage
Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:	Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames. Do NOT reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning.
Precautions To Be Taken in Storing:	No special storage requirements. Storage Temperature: Ambient. Storage Pressure: Atmospheric.
Other Precautions:	Spills must be absorbed with sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Leaking or damaged drums must be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Do not stack drums more than (4) drums high.
Section 8 Exposure	controls / personal protection
	Permissible Exposure Limits

Permissible Exposure Limits							
	OSHA			WISHA		ACGIH (TLV)	
CAS No.	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	
31512-74-0	No Data						

**Respiratory Equipment** Respirator protection is not normally required. (Specify Type):

 Eye Protection:
 Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

 OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

 Protective Gloves:
 Impervious gloves.

**Other Protective Clothing:** Clothes to prevent skin contact. Protective garments not normally required.

Engineering ControlsVentilation should be provided to control worker exposures and prevent health risks and<br/>as necessary to reduce, prevent and control dust, mist, vapor or aerosol generation.



Product name	ClearView Poly Power 30
Revision date	4-29-15
Section 8 Exposu	re controls / personal protection (Continued)
Work/Hygienic/Maintenanc Practices:	Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Environmental Exposure Controls:	Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.
Section 9 Physica	I and chemical properties
Physical States: Appearance and Odor: Melting Point: Boiling Point: Decomposition Temperatu Autoignition Pt: Flash Pt: Explosive Limits: Specific Gravity (Water = 1 Density: Bulk density: Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1)) Evaporation Rate: Solubility in Water: Saturated Vapor Concentra Viscosity: Octanol/Water Partition Co pH: Percent Volatile: VOC / Volume: Particle Size: Heat Value: Corrosion Rate:	NA         > 212.0 F (100.0 C) Method Used: Cleveland Open Cup         LEL: N.A. UEL: N.A.         ):       1.15 - 1.17 at 25.0 C (77.0 F)         9.6 - 9.8 LB/GA at 25.0 C (77.0 F)         NA         mm Hg):       NA         Soluble         NA          NA          Soluble          125 CPS at 25.0 C (77.0 F)

## Section 10 Stability and reactivity

Conditions To Avoid - Instability: Incompatibility – Materials To Avoid: Hazardous Decomposition Or Byproducts: Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	Unstable [] Stable [ X ] No dangerous reactions are known. None known. No data available. None known. Will occur [] Will not occur [ X ] No data available.
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## Section 11 Toxicological information

Toxicological Information:	Epidemiology: No data available. Teratogenicity: No data available. Reproductive Effects: Mutagenicity: Neurotoxicity: Other Studies: CAS# 31512-74-0:
Irritation or Corrosion:	Acute toxicity, LD50, Oral, Rat, 1850. MG/KG. Result:



### Product name

### **ClearView Poly Power 30**

**Revision date** 

4-29-15

#### Section 11 Toxicological information (Continued)

Behavioral: Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold.
Gastrointestinal:Hypermotility, diarrhea.
Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Changes in:Body temperature increase.
Farm Chemicals Handbook., Meister Pub., 37841 Euclid Ave., Willoughy, OH 44094, Vol/p/yr: -,C326, 1991
Acute toxicity, LD50, Skin, Species: Rabbit, > 2.000 GM/KG.

Result:

Liver: Fatty liver degeneration.

Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Other changes.

Blood:Other changes.

- Acute Toxicity Data. Journal of the American College of Toxicology, Part B., Mary Ann Liebert, Inc., 1651 Third Ave., New York, NY 10128, Vol/p/yr: 1,201, 1992

Symptoms related to Toxicological No data available.

Characteristics: Chronic Toxicological No data available.

CAS#	CHEMICAL NAME	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
31512-74-0	Poly(oxyethylene(dimethylimino)ethylene(dime	NA	NA	NA	NA
	thylimino)ethylene dichloride)				

#### Section 12 Ecological information

**General Ecological** No data available. **Information:** 

Results of PBT and<br/>VPvB assessment:No information available.CAS# 31512-74-0:

LC50, Fathead Minnow (Pimephales promelas), larva(e), 353.0 UG/L, 48 H, Mortality; The Acute and Chronic Effects of a Polyquaternary Ammonium Molluscicide Poly[Oxyethylene(Dimethyliminio)Ethylene-(Dimethyliminio)Ethylene Dichloride], Giltner, J.H.J., and P.C. Baumann, 1991

LC50, Rainbow Trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 44.00 UG/L, 48 H, Mortality, Water temperature: 17.00 C (62.6 F) C, pH: 7.70, Hardness: 40.00 MG/L. Result: Morphological changes.

- Toxicity of Candidate Molluscicides to Zebra Mussels (Dreissena polymorpha) and Selected Nontarget Organisms, Waller, D.L., J.J. Rach, W.G. Cope, L.L. Marking, S.W. Fisher, and H. Dabrowska, 1993

LC50, Harlequinfish, Red Rasbora (Rasbora heteromorpha), 660.0 UG/L, 24 H, Mortality, Water temperature: 20.00 C (68.0 F) C, pH: 8.10, Hardness: 20.00 MG/L; Acute Toxicity of 102 Pesticides and Miscellaneous Substances to Fish, Tooby, T.E., P.A. Hursey, and J.S. Alabaster, 1975

LC50, Channel Catfish (Ictalurus punctatus), 3350. UG/L, 48 H, Mortality, Water temperature: 17.00 C (62.6 F) C, pH: 7.70, Hardness: 40.00 MG/L.



### **ClearView Poly Power 30**

Revision date

#### 4-29-15

#### Section 12 Ecological information (Continued)

Result:

Morphological changes.

- Toxicity of Candidate Molluscicides to Zebra Mussels (Dreissena polymorpha) and Selected Nontarget Organisms, Waller, D.L., J.J. Rach, W.G. Cope, L.L. Marking, S.W. Fisher, and H. Dabrowska, 1993

LC50, Zebra Mussel (Dreissena polymorpha), 60000. UG/L, 48 H, Mortality, Water temperature: 17.00 C (62.6 F) C, pH: 7.70, Hardness: 40.00 MG/L. Result:

Morphological changes.

- Toxicity of Candidate Molluscicides to Zebra Mussels (Dreissena polymorpha) and Selected Nontarget Organisms, Waller, D.L., J.J. Rach, W.G. Cope, L.L. Marking, S.W. Fisher, and H. Dabrowska, 1993

Effective concentration to {0} % of test organisms, Zebra Mussel (Dreissena polymorpha), 2000. UG/L, 250 H, Behavior, Water temperature: 20.00 C (68.0 F) - 22.00 C (71.6 F) C, pH: 7.80, Hardness: 100.00 MG/L. Result:

No loss of equilibrium observed.

- Control of the Biofouling Mollusc, Dreissena polymorpha (Bivalvia: Dreissenidae), with Sodium Hypochlorite and with Polyquaternary Ammonia and Benzothiazole Compounds, Martin, I.D., G.L. Mackie, and M.A. Baker, 1993

LC50, Water Flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia), neonate, 218.0 UG/L, 48 H, Mortality; The Acute and Chronic Effects of a Polyquaternary Ammonium Molluscicide Poly[Oxyethylene(Dimethyliminio)Ethylene-(Dimethyliminio)Ethylene Dichloride], Giltner, J.H.J., and P.C. Baumann, 1991

Persistence and Degradability:	No information available.
Bioaccumulative Potential:	Toxic to aquatic life. Unknown Effect.
Mobility in Soil:	Unknown Effect.

#### Section 13 Disposal considerations

#### Waste Disposal Method:

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed.

RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Discarded product, as sold, would not be considered a RCRA Hazardous Waste. Empty containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Empty drums should be completely drained and properly bunged, then promptly returned to a drum reconditioner, or properly disposed of.



Product name	ClearView Poly Power 30
Revision date	4-29-15
Section 14 Transport inform	ation
GHS Classification:	Acute Toxicity: Oral, Category 4 - Warning! Harmful if swallowed Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Category 1 - Warning! Very toxic to aquatic life
LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT): DOT Proper Shipping Name: DOT Hazard Class: UN/NA Number:	Not regulated as a hazardous material.
LAND TRANSPORT (Canadian TDG): TDG Shipping Name:	Not regulated as a hazardous material.
LAND TRANSPORT (European ADR/F ADR/RID Shipping Name: UN Number: Hazard Class:	RID): Not regulated as a hazardous material.
MARINE TRANSPORT (IMDG/IMO): IMDG/IMO Shipping Name:	Not regulated as a hazardous material.
AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA): ICAO/IATA Shipping Name:	Non-Hazardous for Air Transport.

### Section 15 Regulatory information

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#### EPA SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists

CAS#	CHEMICAL NAME			S.302 (EHS)	S.304 RQ	S.313 (TRI)
31512-74-0	Poly[oxyethylene(dimethylimonio)ethylene(dimethylene) nio)ethylene dichloride]			No	No	No
'Hazard Cate	al meets the EPA egories' defined tle III Sections ndicated:	[X] Yes [ ] No Acute (immediat [ ] Yes [X] No Chronic (delayed [ ] Yes [X] No Fire Hazard [ ] Yes [X] No Sudden Release [ ] Yes [X] No Reactive Hazard	d) Health	Hazard		
<b>CAS #</b> 31512-74-0	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name) Poly(oxyethylene(dimethylimino)ethylene(dimethyl imino)ethylene dichloride)		CAA H	<b>US EPA or State</b> AP,ODC: No; CW .65: No		TSCA: No; CA
<b>CAS #</b> 31512-74-0	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name) Poly(oxyethylene(dimethylimino)ethylene(dimethyl imino)ethylene dichloride)		Canad Austra Korea	lia ICS: No; China	adian NDSL: No a IECSC: Yes; Ja 3990; Philippines	r; Mexico INSQ: Ye apan ENCS: No; ICCS: No; Taiwar



### **ClearView Poly Power 30**

Revision date

4-29-15

#### Section 15 Regulatory information (Continued)

#### Regulatory Information:

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

WARNING May be fatal if swallowed or absorbed through the skin Harmful if inhaled Causes skin irritation Causes substantial but temporary eye injury This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish.

#### **Regulatory Information Statement:**

Regulatory information provided in this SDS was prepared for this product and is to be used only for the product in its present form, If this material is used as a component in another material or altered in any way, the information in this SDS may no longer be applicable. This document was generated for the purpose of distributing health, safety and environmental data.

#### Section 16 Other information

HMIS RATING HEALTH: 1 FLAMMABILITY: 0 PHYSICAL HAZARD: 0 PPE: B NFPA RATING HEALTH: 1 FLAMMABILITY: 0 INSTABILITY: 0

#### DATE OF PREPARATION 4-29-2015

THE INFORMATION SUPPLIED ABOVE IS PRESENTED IN GOOD FAITH AND HAS BEEN DERIVED FROM SOURCES BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE, HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED IS EXTENDED REGARDING ITS ACCURACY OR THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM ITS USE SINCE CONDITIONS OF USE ARE BEYOND OUR CONTROL. ALL RISKS ARE ASSUMED BY THE USER.

### **ClearView Shimmer Shock**

**Revision date** 

5-11-15

Section 1	Identification	
Product ID:		Shimmer Shock
Chemical Name: Synonyms:		Sodium dichloroisocyanurate dihydrate Sodium dichlor;; Sodium dichloroisocyanurate dihydrate: Sodium Dichloro-S-Triazinetrione Dihydrate; Troclosene sodium
Chemical Formu CAS Number: Product Use:	ıla:	NaCl 2(NCO) 3 x2H 2O 51580-86-0 Fast Acting for Super Chlorination to Control Bacteria & Algae
Supplier:	Oreq Corporation 42306 Remington Av Temecula, CA 92590 951-296-5076	venue D
Emergency Pho	ne# Che	emtrec: 1-800-424-9300
Section 2	Hazards identifica	ition
GHS CLASSIFICA	E S A	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Harmful if swallowed Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Causes serious eye irritation STOT SE 3, H335 May cause respiratory irritation Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
GHS SIGNAL WO	RD:	DANGER
HAZARD PICTOG	RAMS:	
Hazard Statemen	t(s)	
H319 - Ca H335 - Ma H410 - Ve	armful if swallowed auses serious eye irritation ay cause respiratory irritat ery toxic to aquatic life with Contact with acids libera	tion h long lasting effects
Precautionary Sta	atement(s)	
	roid breathing dust/fume/g ear protective gloves/prote	gas/mist/vapors/spray ective clothing/eve protection/face protection

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

NFPA Ratings (Scale 0-4)

Health = 2, Fire = 0, Reactivity = 1. Special Hazard Warning: OXIDIZER



### **ClearView Shimmer Shock**

Revision date

#### 5-11-15

#### Section 3 Composition / Information on ingredients

Components	Weight %	Index No.	EC No.	EU Classification
SODIUM DICHLOROISO CYANURATE, DIHYDRATE 51580-86-0	99-100	#613-030-01-7	220-767-7	Acute Tox. 4 H302 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 STOT SE 3 H335
51560-60-0				Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 EUH031 (In Accordance with CLP1272/2008)
				R31 Xi; R36/37 Xn; R22 N; R50/53 (in accordance with DSD67/548/EEC)
SODIUM CHLORIDE 7647-14-5	0-1		231-593-8	None

#### Section 4 First - aid measures

**Eye contact** Holding the eyelids apart, flush eyes promptly with copious flowing water for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

- **Skin contact** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation In case of inhalation, remove person to fresh air. Keep him quiet and warm. Apply artificial respiration if necessary and get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion If swallowed, wash mouth thoroughly with plenty of water. Get medical attention immediately.

NOTE: Never give an unconscious person anything to drink

#### Most important symptoms and effects, acute or delayed

- Ocular	Severe irritation and/or burns can occur following eye exposure. Contact may cause impairment of vision and corneal damage.	
- Dermal	Dermal exposure can cause severe irritation and/or burns characterized by redness, swelling and scab formation. Prolonged skin exposure may cause permanent damage.	
- Inhalation	Irritating to the nose, mouth, throat and lungs. It may also cause burns to the respiratory tract with the production of lung edema that can result in shortness of breath, wheezing, choking, chest pain, and impairment of lung function. Inhalation of high concentrations can result in permanent lung damage from the corrosive action to the lung.	
- Ingestion	Irritation and/or burns can occur to the entire gastrointestinal tract, including the stomach and intestines, characterized by nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, bleeding and/or tissue ulceration. Ingestion causes severe damage to the gastrointestinal tract with the potential to cause perforation.	
Notes to the physician	No specific antidote. Treat symptomatically and supportively. In case of ingestion DO NOT induce vomiting. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.	
Medical conditions aggravated by exposu	Asthma, respiratory and cardiovascular disease.	



Product name	ClearView Shimmer Shock		
Revision date	5-11-15		
Section 5 Fire - fighting m	easures		
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Water		
Extinguishing Media Not To Be Used:	Do not use dry chemical extinguisher containing ammonia compounds.		
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	When heated to decomposition, may release poisonous and corrosive fumes of nitrogen trichloride, chlorine and CO.		
Fire Fighting Procedure:	Cool containers with water spray. Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) in positive pressure mode. On small fires, use water spray or fog. On large fires, use heavy deluge or fog streams. Flooding amounts of water may be required before extinguishment can be accomplished.		

#### Section 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	For small spills in a well-ventilated areas, wear a NIOSH approved half-face or full face tight fitting respirator or a loose fitting powered air purifying respirator equipped with chlorine cartridges. Chemical goggles should be worn when using a half-face respirator. In addition to respiratory protection, wear coveralls, chemical resistant gloves, chemical resistant footwear; and chemical resistant headgear for overhead exposure. For clean-up of large spills, or small dry spills in confined areas, wear full-face respirator with chlorine cartridges or a positive pressure supplied air respirator. Additionally, body protection should be impervious clothing covering entire body to prevent personal contact with material. CAUTION - Protection concerns must also address the following: If this material becomes damp/wet or contaminated in a container, the formation of nitrogen trichloride gas may occur and an explosive condition may exist.
Methods for cleaning up	Hazardous concentrations in air may be found in local spill area and immediately downwind. If spill material is still dry, do not put water directly on this product as a gas evolution may occur.
Environmental precautions	
- Soil	Do not contaminate spill material with any organic materials, ammonia, ammonium salts or urea. Clean up all spill material with clean, dry dedicated equipment and place in a clean dry container.
- Water	This material is heavier than and soluble in water. Stop flow of material into water as soon as possible. Begin monitoring for available chlorine and pH immediately.
- Air	Vapors may be suppressed by the use of water fog.
Section 7 Handling and st	orage
Handling	Do not take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Upon contact with skin or eyes, wash off with water.
Storage	Store in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area. away from incompatible materials (see "materials to avoid"). Do not store at temperatures above 60°C/140°F. Product has an indefinite shelf-life limitation.



## **ClearView Shimmer Shock**

Revision date

5-11-15

### Section 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

#### **Exposure Limits:**

COMPONENTS	ACGIH-TLV Data	OSHA (PEL) Data
SODIUM DICHLOROISO CYANURATE, DIHYDRATE 51580-86-0	Not determined	Not determined
SODIUM CHLORIDE 7647-14-5	Not determined	Not determined
Ventilation requirementsUse local exhaust ventilation to minimize dust and chlorine levels where industrial use occurs. Otherwise, ensure good general ventilation.		
Personal protective equipment:		
	When dusty conditions are encountered, wear a NIOSH/OSHA full-face respirator with chlorine cartridges for protection againts chlorine gas and dust/mist pre-filter.	
- Hand protection Nec	Neoprene gloves (0.67 mm)	
	Use chemical safety glasses to avoid eye contact. Where industrial use occurs, chemical goggles may be required.	
- Skin and body protection Imp	Impervious body covering clothes, boots and neoprene apron.	
thor	Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Safety shower and eye bath should be provided.	

### Section 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Odor Odor threshold pH Melting point/range Boiling point/range Flash point Evaporation rate (ether=1) Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable/Explosion limits Vapor pressure Vapor density	White granules or tablet-form product Mild chlorine-like Not determined Not determined Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable under standard conditions Not determined Not determined Not applicable under standard conditions Not determined Not applicable under standard conditions Not applicable under standard conditions
Relative density	tap density= 0.974 g/mL
Solubility:	pour density= 1.083 g/mL
- Solubility in water Partition coefficient	24-25 g/100g
(n-octanol/water) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature	LogP0.0056 (estimated) Not self-ignitable Begins to lose 1 mole water at approximately 50°C; second mole water at 95°C; Decomposes at 240-250°C
Viscosity Explosive properties Oxidising properties Particle size	Not applicable Not determined Not oxidizing Non- inhalable



### **Product name**

## **ClearView Shimmer Shock**

**Revision date** 

5-11-15

Section 10 Stability and reactivity		
Reactivity	Begins to lose one mole of water at approximately 50°C	
Stability	Stable under normal conditions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	If this material becomes damp/wet or contaminated in a container, the formation of nitrogen trichloride gas may occur and an explosive condition may exist.	
Conditions to avoid Materials to avoid	Heating above decomposition temperature Do not package in paper or cardboard. Organic materials, reducing agents, nitrogen containing materials, other oxidizers, acids, bases, oils, grease, sawdust, dry fire extinguishers containing monoammonium compounds.	
Hazardous decomposition products	Nitrogen trichloride, chlorine, carbon monoxide	

## Section 11 Toxicological information

Acute	toxicity:
Acuto	toxicity.

-	
- Rat oral LD50	1671 mg/kg
- Rat dermal LD50	>5000 mg/kg
- Dermal irritation (rabbit)	Severe irritant
- Eye irritation (rabbit)	Severe irritant
Dermal sensitization	Not a sensitizer.
Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH)	No level has been established for the components or the product itself.
Effects of overexposure : Chronic toxicity	Chronic inhalation exposure may cause impairment of lung function and permanent lung damage.
Mutagenicity	Not mutagenic in five Salmonella strains with or without metabolic activation.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified by IARC, OSHA, EPA. Not included in NTP 12th Report on Carcinogens
Reproductive toxicity	Sodium dichloroisocyanuric acid when given orally to pregnant mice from day 6 to day 15 of gestation, did not induce any significant teratogenic effects.

### Section 12 Ecological information

Aqua	tic to	oxici	ty :

- 96 Hour-LC50, Fish	0.22 mg/l (rainbow trout)
	0.28 mg/l (bluegill sunfish)

- 48 hour-LC50, Daphnia magna 0.2 mg/l



### **ClearView Shimmer Shock**

Revision date

5-11-15

Section 12 Ecological inform	nation (continued)	
Avian toxicity: - Oral LD50, Bobwhite quail - Oral LD50, Mallard duck - Dietary LC50, Mallard duck - Dietary LC50, Bobwhite quail	730 mg/kg 3300 mg/kg >10,000 ppm >10,000 ppm	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable. Rapidly hydrolyses in water into Cyanuric acid	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate	
Mobility in soil	The degradation product, Cyanuric acid, is weakly adsorbed to and highly mobile in all soils	
Section 13 Disposal considerations		
Waste disposal	Care must be taken to prevent environmental contamination from the use of this material. Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.	
Disposal of Packaging	Empty containers should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.	
Section 14 Transport inform	nation	

DOTNon-Bulk Packaging: Not Regulated under DOT unless transported by VesselBulk Packaging or Shipment by Vessel: RegulatedUN No. UN3077PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Solid, n.o.s.(Sodium dichloroisocyanurate dihydrate)Class: 9 - Miscellaneous Hazardous MaterialLabel: 9Marking: Marine PollutantPacking Group: III

Note: Certain shipping modes or package sizes may have exceptions from the transport regulations and may be classified as Consumer Commodity and Limited Quantity. The classification provided may not reflect those exceptions and may not apply to all shipping modes or package sizes.

IMDG	UN No. 3077 Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s (Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate,dihydrate) Class: 9 - Miscellaneous Dangerous Substances and Articles Label: 9 Mark: MARINE POLLUTANT Packing Group: III
ADR/RID	UN No. 3077 Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s (Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate,dihydrate) Class: 9 - Miscellaneous Dangerous Substances and Articles Classification Code: M7 Hazard identification No: 90 Packing group: III Marking: Environmentally hazardous substance

Product name	ClearView Shimmer Shock	
Revision date	5-11-15	
Section 14 Transport inform	nation (Continued)	
	UN No. 3077 Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s (Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate,dihydrate) Class: 9 Hazard label(s): Miscellaneous Packing group: III Marking: Environmentally hazardous substance	
Section 15 Regulatory information		
EU	Reported in EINECS	
- Indication of danger	Harmful, symbol required (Xn) Dangerous for the environment, symbol required (N)	
- R Phrases	R 22: Harmful if swallowed. R 31: Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. Xi; R 36/37: Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. R 50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment	
- S Phrases	S 8: Keep container dry. S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. S 41 :In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. S60: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. S61: Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.	
USA	All the components of this substance are listed on or are exempt from the inventory	
OSHA REGULATORY STATUS:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)	
FIFRA REGULATIONS:	Registered pesticide under 40 CFR 152.10, Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).	
Australia China - China inventory Japan New Zealand Inventory Philippines Section 16 Other information	Listed in AICS ENCS no. (5)-1043 ISHL no. (5)-1043 Listed in NZIoC Listed in PICCS	

#### Section 16 Other information

#### DATE OF PREPARATION 5-11-2015

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